Digital transformation of Latvia 2021 -2027

Integral approach

- Digital infrastructure for SME digitalization
- Digital skills
- Innovative private sector digital services and products and digital uptake in SMEs

Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development

- Open data and Data sharing infrastructure
- Digital skills and habits development
- ICT platforms and solutions for Digital economy
- Integration in EU Single Digital Market and adoption of EU legislation

Ministry of Economics

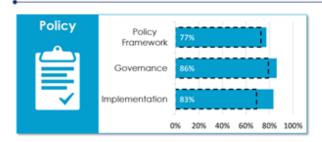
- Support to digitalization of firms
- Support to Govplatform based innovative digital products and services developed by private sector
- Digital transformation of SMEs

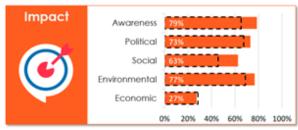
Open data

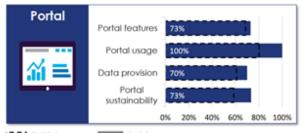
- Impact on the economy is below EU average (27%)
- Infrastructure for data sharing economy – data marketplaces
- Open data for business solutions and products development
- High-quality new level of data services provided to businesses online and live data access
- Public private partnerships
- Proactive services
- "once only" principle

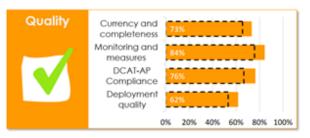
MATURITY LEVEL RATING -- EU28 Average — Latvia (LV) 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 096 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 #19 #10 #30 #12 Ranking **Portal** Quality Policy **Impact** #10 #8 #12 #11 74% 65% Overall

DIMENSION PERFORMANCE







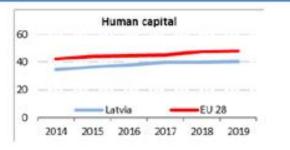


Skills

- Digital skills for entrepreneurs and citizens
- Development of digital habits
- Multilevel network of Knowledge centers and Digital agents for engagement

2 Human capital

2 Human capital	Latvia		EU	
2 Human capital	rank	score	score	
DESI 2019	21	40.4	48.0	
DESI 2018	21	40.0	47.6	
DESI 2017	20	40.1	45.4	



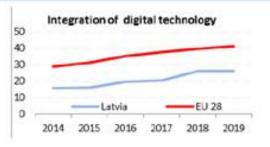
	Latvia			EU	
	DESI 2017 value	DESI 2018	DESI 2019		DESI 2019
		value	value	rank	value
2a1 At least basic digital skills	50%	48%	48%	22	57%
% individuals	2016	2017	2017		2017
2a2 Above basic digital skills	27%	27%	27%	20	31%
% individuals	2016	2017	2017	90100	2017
2a3 At least basic software skills	52%	49%	49%	25	60%
% individuals	2016	2017	2017		2017
2b1 ICT specialists	2.2%	2.2%	2.3%	23	3.7%
% total employment	2015	2016	2017	7-504	2017
2b2 Female ICT specialists	1.1%	1.1%	1.0%	19	1.4%
% female employment	2015	2016	2017		2017
2b3 ICT graduates	4.0%	4.4%	4.8%	7	3.5%
% graduates	2014	2015	2016		2015

ICT platforms and solutions for development of Digital economy

- Shared ICT platforms and solutions for innovative digital B to G, B to B and B to C products and services
- Transition to an open solutions
- Government as a platform concept
- Centralization of services and information on a single platform
- Cross-border access to services
- Data and competence centers

4 Integration of digital technology

4 Integration of	Latvia		EU	
digital technology	rank	score	score	
DESI 2019	24	25.9	41.1	
DESI 2018	25	26.1	39.6	
DESI 2017	26	20.6	37.6	



	Latvia			EU	
	DESI 2017 value	DESI 2018 value	DESI value	2019 rank	DESI 2019 value
4a1 Electronic information sharing	16%	25%	25%	24	34%
% enterprises	2015	2017	2017		2017
4a2 Social media % enterprises	11% 2016	13% 2017	13% 2017	25	21% 2017
4a3 Big data	NA	NA	8%	23	12%
% enterprises	2016	2016	2018		2018
4a4 Cloud	6%	9%	11%	24	18%
% enterprises	2016	2017	2018		2018
4b1 SMEs selling online	8% 2016	11% 2017	10% 2018	25	17% 2018
4b2 e-Commerce turnover	8%	9%	5%	24	10%
% 5ME turnover	2016	2017	2018		2018
4b3 Selling online cross-border	4%	5%	5%	25	8%
% SMEs	2015	2017	2017		2017

tvia

Latvia

Latvian eID scheme (eID)

eID karte

Substantiai,

OTIFIED

18 Dec 2019 2019

eParaksts karte

eParaksts karte+

eParaksts

Integration in EU Single Digital Market (incl. Digital) processes and adoption of EU legislation

- Single Digital Gateway regulation
- Open Data and Public Sector Information Directive
- Web Accessablity directive
- Adoption of standarts & compliance to enable crossborder interoperability

The Single Digital Gateway Regulation and Service Directive

- Ensure that **cross-border user have access** to the 17 procedures
- Fully digitize the 21 procedures covering seven life events
- Once only principle at the EU level (data exchange between the EU and LV)
- Develop a procedure to manage user consents (according to The GDPR)
- Develop "user-centric" cross border procedures (life event approach)

The Directive on open data and the re-use of public sector information

- Open high-value datasets, for use in the private sector
- Ensure automatic data transfer to the open data portal and businesses (API)

The Directive on web accessibility

- Compliance with accessibility requirements for websites and mobile apps
- Eensure centralized annual monitoring and in-depth assessments

Interoperatbility intitiatives (compliance & standarts)

Adoption of EU standarts to ensure tehnical and semantic interoperability